At a Glance

Social Policy Evaluation and Research Unit



Family wellbeing in Taranaki

FEBRUARY 2017

The focus

This At A Glance looks at Taranaki Families and how they're faring. The information used in this publication has been drawn from our Families and Whānau Status Report 2016, which aims to measure, monitor and understand family wellbeing in New Zealand. We are sharing this information to help policymakers and community leaders make more informed decisions about the work they do with families and whānau in Taranaki.

We see families as the key building blocks of our society. They give each of us a sense of identity and belonging. The core functions of a family are to:



CARE, NURTURE AND SUPPORT



MANAGE RESOURCES



PROVIDE SOCIALISATION AND GUIDANCE



PROVIDE IDENTITY AND A SENSE OF BELONGING.



About At a Glance

Superu's At a Glance series uses infographics to illustrate research findings or key information about a priority topic.



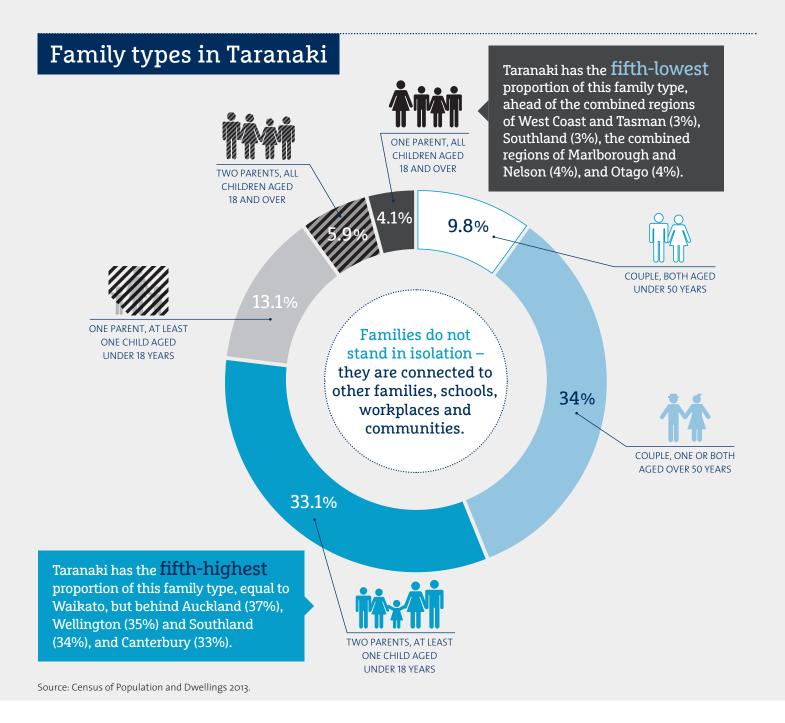
Did you know...

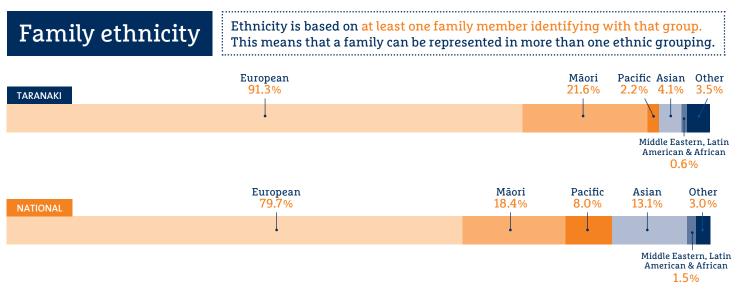
that there are Well over a million families in New Zealand?
And in Taranaki, there were 30,081

Taranaki families: A snapshot

families at last count.

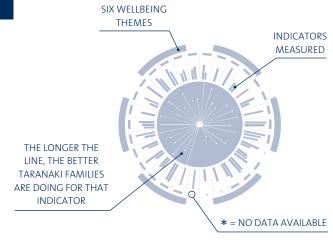
Members of Taranaki families were similar to other New Zealand family members in that they were likely to report being treated fairly, feeling safe at home and work, and having easy access to services. But they stood out on several of our wellbeing indicators. Children from Taranaki families were the most likely to report that they have fun together as a family. Taranaki had the highest proportion of families with a disabled family member, with high representation from couples under 50. Family members in Taranaki were also less likely to have gone on to higher education than other family members across New Zealand.

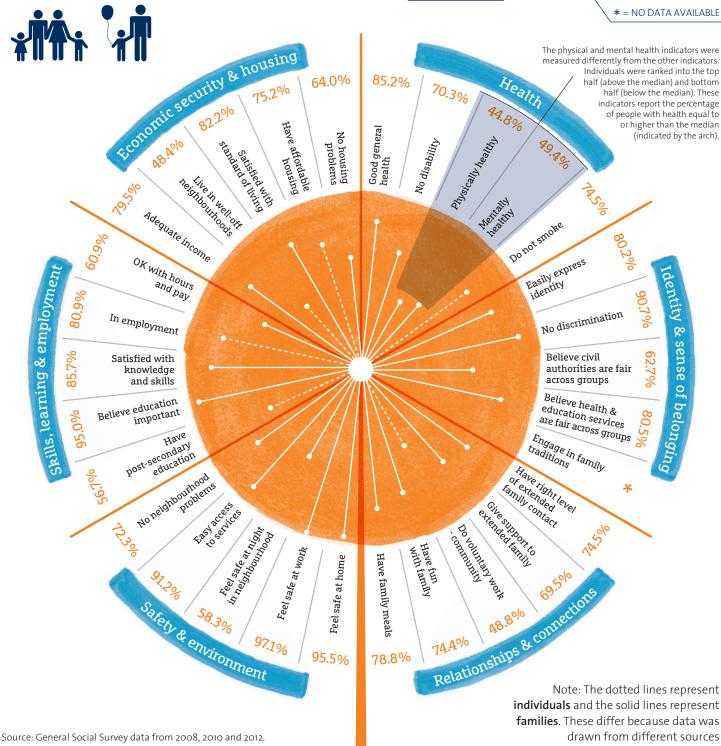




How are Taranaki families faring?

We assess wellbeing against six broad themes that influence and contribute to a family's ability to function. We also take into account different 'indicators' under each theme. This diagram provides a snapshot of Taranaki families according to these specific indicators.







Summary table

How do Taranaki families compare to national averages* on indicators such as housing, health, safety and skills?

Below national average Above national average Combination (above and below national average) Same as national average

	S	2		N	***	-\\\\\\\
	Economic security and housing	Health	Identity and sense of belonging	Relations and connections	Safety	Skills
COUPLE, BOTH AGED UNDER 50 YEARS						
COUPLE, ONE OR BOTH AGED OVER 50 YEARS	More likely to have a higher standard of living BUT less likely to live in well-off areas					Less likely to have post- secondary education
TWO PARENTS, AT LEAST ONE CHILD AGED UNDER 18 YEARS	More likely to have affordable housing	More likely to have a smoker in the family				More likely to be OK with pay and working hours
ONE PARENT, AT LEAST ONE CHILD AGED UNDER 18 YEARS						
TWO PARENTS, ALL CHILDREN AGED 18 AND OVER		More likely to have a smoker in the family BUT more likely to have higher mental health score		More likely to do voluntary work		Less likely to have post- secondary education

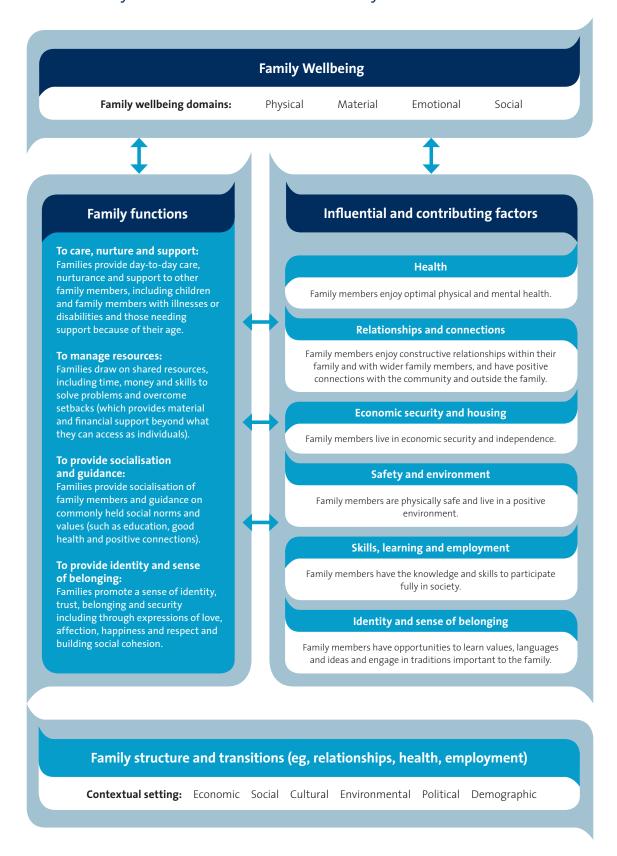
^{*} Each regional family type is compared with the national averages for the same family type. For example, older couples (one or both partners over 50 years of age) in Taranaki are less likely to have a family member with a post-secondary qualification than other older couples across New Zealand.

For more detailed figures and information about how Taranaki and other regional families fared against the national average, please see www.superu.govt.nz/families_whanau_supplementary_data_2016



Family wellbeing framework

The Family Wellbeing Framework identifies four core family functions and shows how they contribute to wellbeing. The Framework shows just how complex families are, and that there are many factors that influence their ability to fulfil their core functions.





Our purpose

To increase the use of evidence by people across the social sector so that they can make better decisions – about funding, policies or services – to improve the lives of New Zealanders, New Zealand's communities, families and whānau.

What we do

We work across the wider social sector to:

- **promote** informed debate on key social issues for New Zealand, its families and whānau, and increase awareness about what works
- **grow** the quality, relevance and quantity of the evidence base in priority areas
- facilitate the use of evidence by sharing it and supporting its use in decision-making.

About the Families and Whānau Status Reports

Each year since 2013, we have produced an annual families status report that measures and monitors the wellbeing of New Zealand families and whānau. This requirement was introduced by the Families Commission Amendment Act 2014, and we are proud to undertake this work.

The general aim of the Families and Whānau Wellbeing Research Programme is to increase the evidence about family and whānau wellbeing. Our research aims to better understand how families and whānau are faring, and the key role they play in society. This is so that decision-makers in the social sector make informed decisions about social policies and programmes and better understand what works, when and for whom.



Related publications:



Families and Whānau Status Report 2016 (June 2016)



Families and Whānau Status Report 2016. Technical companion report (June 2016)



Families and Whānau Status Report 2016. Executive Summary (June 2016)

About this At A Glance

This is one of several factsheets examining family wellbeing in New Zealand's regions. All the regional reports and the full report can be found on our website: superu.govt.nz. If you'd like more information about anything mentioned here, contact us on 04 917 7040 or email enquiries@superu.govt.nz